







Full length article

Adaptation of fractional-order PI controller for a variable input interleaved DC–DC boost converter using particle swarm optimization with parametric variation

Dola Sinha ^a  , Mou Das Mahapatra ^a , Sucharita Pal ^b, Saibal Majumder ^c , Sovan Bhattacharya ^c, Chandan Bandyopadhyay ^{c d}

^a Department of Electrical Engineering, Dr. B.C. Roy Engineering College, Durgapur, India

^b Department of Electrical Engineering, Asansol Engineering College, Asansol West Bengal, India

^c Department of Computer Science and Engineering (Data Science), Dr. B.C. Roy Engineering College, Durgapur, West Bengal, India

^d Department of Computer Science, University of Bremen, Germany

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Abstract

The increasing demand for renewable energy integration has led to the development of advanced converter strategies to manage the inherent variability of renewable power sources. This paper presents a high-performance interleaved boost converter regulated by a fractional-order proportional-integral (FoPI) controller to ensure stable output voltage and power delivery under fluctuating input and load conditions. The FoPI controller parameters, including gains and fractional order, are optimized using particle swarm optimization (PSO) with the integral absolute error (IAE) as the objective function. The primary objective is to enhance the system's robustness against input voltage variations and load disturbances. The proposed PSO-FoPI controller is tested under different operating scenarios: (i) a fixed input of 150V, (ii) an input variation from 150V to 350V, and (iii) a fixed 200V input with output power demand variations between 8kW and 12.25kW. Also sensitivity analysis with changing parameter values of the converter and inclusion of step and ramp input disturbances, the performance of the controller is evaluated. MATLAB/Simulink simulations demonstrate that the PSO-FoPI controller effectively maintains the desired 400V output and an average power of 10kW while reducing transient effects and harmonic distortions.